# Tax and Investment Guide 2018

What You Need to Know

(Canada)



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## Disclaimer

The information in this guide is for informational purposes and should in no way be regarded as legal or tax advice. Clients should always consult their accountant or tax advisor before taking action based on the information found in this guide.

## Introduction

This guide has been prepared by National Bank Direct Brokerage ("NBDB") to present the various tax slips you could receive from us. You will find information regarding the T5, T3, T5008, T5013 slips and the Investment Income Summary. This guide is specifically intended for individuals residing in Canada. Corporations, trusts and Canadian non-residents should refer to their accountant or tax specialist to help them in preparing and completing their Income Tax and Benefit Return.

Please note that this document is not meant to be an exhaustive reference on how to report income and capital gains and losses. We strongly recommend that individuals consult an accountant or tax specialist to complete their tax return. This guide is a brief summary covering federal taxation. However, some provinces have specific requirements to be considered by individuals residing in those provinces.

## **Useful Links**

Canada Revenue Agency (CRA): https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency.html

#### CRA "My Account" for individuals:

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/e-services/e-services-individuals/account-individuals.html

## Mailing Deadlines for the Various Tax Slips

Below is a summary table of the various Canadian and Quebec slips or forms potentially needed to prepare your tax return. Please note that these documents reflect the transactions and income recorded during the calendar year and some slips may not apply to your situation. Before completing your tax return, we ask you to ensure you have received all of the slips. This will avoid having to file an amended tax return. Note that the various Summaries can be used as tools in verifying your tax slips.

Non-registered Investments			
Type of income/fees	Slip	Mailing Deadline <sup>1</sup>	Received
Dividends, interest, foreign income	T5 and Investment Income Summary	February 28, 2019	
Interest paid and investment fees	Investment Income Summary <sup>2</sup>	February 28, 2019	
Realized gains and losses	T5008 and Securities Transactions Summary	February 28, 2019	
Distributions from a trust <sup>3</sup>	T3 and "Summary of Trust Income" T5013	March 31, 2019 <sup>4</sup>	
Partnership	T5013/Relevé 15	March 31, 2019 <sup>4</sup>	
Registered Investments			
Withdrawal from a registered		February 28, 2019	
investment account			
RRSP	T4RSP		

1-Government-prescribed date.

RIFF/LIF/LRIF

RESP

2-This summary is not government-prescribed, but NBDB commits to issuing it at the specified date if needed.

3 – As mentioned earlier, a customized summary allows you to ensure you have received all your slips.

T4RIF

T4A

4 – Since some trusts and limited partnerships do not release the information before the authorized deadline, you may receive your slips only in mid-April.

RRSP contributions	
First 60 days of 2018	You should have received your contribution slip in March 2018.
Rest of the year 2018	You should receive your contribution slip in January 2019.
First 60 days of 2019	You should receive your contribution slip in March 2019.

## T3 Slip – Statement of Trust Income (Allocations and Designations)

If you hold investments in income trusts (usually referred to as "mutual funds"), royalty trusts and real estate investment trusts (REITs), you will receive a T3 Slip and a Summary of Trust Income specifying amounts and the nature of these distributions in your account. If you are a Quebec resident, you will also receive a Relevé 16 slip.



Please note that mutual fund companies generally issue their own tax slips. You should receive a T3 slip for each separate mutual fund. For example, if you own a "Canadian Corporation" mutual fund and a "Fixed Income" mutual fund from ABC Company Mutual Inc., you should receive two T3s from ABC Company Mutual Inc., one for the "Canadian Corporation" fund and one for the "Fixed Income" fund. You should wait to receive all your slips before filing your income tax return. Note that several fund companies issue consolidated T3 slips; if you deal with one of these companies, you will receive one (consolidated) slip.

You can now use the CRA's "*My Account*" and the auto-fill application to help in the preparation of your tax return. However, please note that the T3 slips are issued under the name of the Trusts and you will not find NBDB's name on your T3 slips. The information shown on your T3 slips will be reported in the name of each trust listed in the CRA's "*My Account*"; you must therefore refer to the details on your Summary of Trust Income to reconcile the amounts reported.

#### Income reported on your T3 may include:

- Interest and other income
- Eligible dividends from taxable Canadian corporations
- Dividends other than eligible dividends from taxable Canadian corporations
- Foreign non-business income
- Capital income
- Capital gain

#### **Summary of Trust Income**

The Summary of Trust Income is issued by NBDB. It provides detailed information regarding each trust, the nature of the distributions, as well as the associated boxes in chronological order. This information will allow you to reconcile your T3 slip from each trust.

Most of the expenses in the section "Paid by You" are associated with foreign withholding taxes.

	BANK			OF TRUST INCON cluding Mutual Funds)	
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				Reference XXXXX	
	RST NAME SU	IRNAME		Investmen CDBN	
AD	DRESS			Telephone	
AD	DRESS			S.I.N. 000 000 00	0
				Resident QUEBEC	
14020	120300223		100000	AMO	
DATE 20XX	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	T3/REL16 BOX NO.	PAID BY YOU	PAID TO YOU
OUR CAN	ADIAN ACCOUNT	xx-xxxx-x			
014/03/14	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(26/G)		0.71
014/03/14	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
014/04/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(26/G)		0.71
014/04/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
014/05/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(26/G)		0.75
014/05/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
014/06/13	50	ARTIS REIT T/J	(26/G)		0.71
014/06/13	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
014/07/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(26/G)		0.71
014/07/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
014/08/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(26/G)		0.71
014/08/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
014/09/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(26/G)		0.71
014/09/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
014/10/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/J	(26/G)		0.71
014/10/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
014/11/14	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(26/G)		0.71
014/11/14	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
014/12/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(26/G)		0.71
014/12/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
015/01/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(26/G)		0.71
015/01/15	50	ARTIS REIT T/U	(42/M)		3.79
	(26/G)	OTHER INCOME			7.81
	(42/M)	RETURN OF CAPITAL *			41.69
OTAL					
OTAL	(26/G) (42/M)	OTHER INCOME RETURN OF CAPITAL *			7.81

#### Detailed description of each type of income:

Interest and other income

Interest and other income are reported in box 26 "Other income" on the T3 slip. This category includes interest as well as rental income (if any).

#### Dividends from taxable Canadian corporations

The actual amount (not grossed-up) of eligible dividends received by the unit holder is reported in box 49 of the T3 slip. This amount is not the one to be used in your tax return. Instead, the taxable amount (grossed-up) shown in box 50 of the T3 slip should be the amount included in your tax return. You will, however, be entitled to a dividend tax credit which is shown in box 51 of the T3 slip. The components of the "grossed-up dividend" and dividend tax credit are part of the integration mechanism of income earned by a corporation. Since dividends represent a distribution of corporate profits after taxes, adjustments (gross-up and credit) must be made in order to avoid double taxation on this income.

The actual amount of dividends other than eligible dividends received by the holder is reported in box 23 of the T3 slip. Once again, this amount is not to be used in the tax return of the individual. The amount shown in box 32, the taxable amount (grossed-up), should be reported. The credit for dividends other than eligible dividends will be shown in box 39.

#### Dividends from foreign corporations

Please note that dividends from foreign corporations (American, European, etc.) will be reported in box 25. These will not be grossed-up and are not entitled to a tax credit, as the integration mechanism applies only to dividends from Canadian corporations.

#### Foreign non-business income

For Canadian tax purposes, there is no difference between foreign interest and dividend income. All foreign income received by the trust will be found in box 25 of the T3 slip. Please note that foreign income is generally subject to a foreign withholding tax in the country of origin. Although you have received the amount after deduction of the foreign withholding tax, you must report the gross amount. You cannot deduct the foreign tax amount directly from the gross income, but you may be entitled to a foreign tax credit for a portion of the amounts withheld. The foreign withholding tax, which could entitle you to a foreign tax credit, can be found in box 34 of the T3 slip. Please note that if the investment is held in a registered account, the withheld amounts cannot be recovered through the foreign tax credit.

#### Capital gain/Capital loss

Trust investments may generate capital gains (or losses) with the sale of underlying assets. Only capital gains will be allocated to unitholders based on an allocation provided by the investment manager of the trust. The capital gain will be reported in box 21 of the T3 slip. The capital gain will retain its character. 50% of capital gains are not taxable and must reduce the capital loss otherwise realized in the same year. All of these elements are covered in Schedule 3 – Capital gains (or losses) of your Income Tax and Benefit Return, for the current year.

#### Capital income

The amount in box 42 of the T3 slip represents a distribution of a return of capital from the trust. Note that this amount is not taxable and does not have to be included in your tax return. However, this amount must be considered when calculating the adjusted cost base ("ACB") of your trust units. The ACB of your trust units will be reduced by the return of capital. Please keep this information to validate that your broker has made this adjustment to the ACB of your trust units.

#### FAQ – T3 Slip

My T3 slip and Summary of Trust Income refer to a capital gain but I have received nothing in my account; do I have to report these amounts?

Yes, these amounts must be reported. Sometimes, capital gains are attributed by mutual funds, and are often called "phantom distributions" (non-cash distributions) without any actual payment made to the account. You must generally, thereafter, make an ACB adjustment if your broker has not already done so. In order to obtain accurate information on these distributions, please refer to the mutual fund's website.

Why did I receive my T3 slip so late in the month of April?

Trust companies must also file tax returns. Coordination between these filings and the issuance of the slips is often the reason they wait until the prescribed limit (i.e., 90 days after year-end) before providing the issuers with the necessary data to produce the T3 slips, which in turn leads to filing delays.

Why did I receive an amended T3 slip?

As previously mentioned, trust companies prepare, very tardily, the information related to their distributions to coordinate them with their own returns. Sometimes, corrections are required after the deadline that may result, amongst other causes, from adjustments or errors in their tax return.

I received a T3 slip from NBdb. However, I do not find any T3 slips issued in NBDB's name in the CRA's "My Account". Why ?

T3 slips are issued by NBDB, but on behalf of the different trusts. The income shown on the T3 slip you received will be displayed in the trust's name in the CRA's "*My Account*". You will not find any T3 slips in the name of NBDB. In order to reconcile the trust information set out in the CRA's "*My Account*", you must refer to the details profided in your Summary of Trust Income.

## T5 Slip – Statement of Investment Income

The T5 is used to report dividend income, interest income and foreign taxes paid on your investments held in a non-registered account. The amounts in the boxes of the T5 represent the total of the amounts shown on the Investment Income Summary. You will receive a separate T5 if you hold a U.S. dollar-denominated account. Please note that the slip will not be issued if the total investment income is less than \$50. However, you must still include this income in your tax return. Note that the income from discount bonds, such as Treasury Bills and commercial paper are not included on the T5, but they must also be reported.

If you own shares of a split share corporation, you will receive a separate T5 for expenses and income related to investments in this stock class. In addition, you may also receive a T5 if you hold shares in a real estate investment trust (REIT) or shares of U.S. limited capital investment funds.

Moreover, incorporated mutual funds (that are not trusts) also issue T5 slips to report their dividend distributions and allocation of capital gains.

÷	Canada Revenue Agence d Agency du Canad		ENT OF INVESTMENT INCOME S REVENUS DE PLACEMENTS		Protected B / Protégé B en completed / une fois rempli
	Dividends from Canadian corporations	<ul> <li>Dividendes de sociétés canadiennes</li> </ul>	Federal credit – Crédit fédéral	Année	
	24 Actual amount of eligible dividends	25 Taxable amount of eligible dividends	26 Dividend tax credit for eligible dividends	13 Interest from Canadian sources	18 Capital gains dividends
	1188.74	1640.46	246.39		
	Montant réel des dividendes déterminés	Montant imposable des dividendes déterminés	Crédit d'impôt pour dividendes déterminés	Intérêts de source canadienne	Dividendes sur gains en capital
	10 Actual amount of dividends other than eligible dividends	11 Taxable amount of dividends other than eligible dividends	12 Dividend tax credit for dividends other than eligible dividends	21 Report Code 22 Recipient ide	entification number 23 Recipient type
				0 000	000 000 1
	Montant réel des dividendes autres que des dividendes déterminés	Montant imposable des dividendes autres que des dividendes déterminés	Crédit d'impôt pour dividendes autres que des dividendes déterminés	Code du feuillet Numéro d'identific	ation du bénéficiaire Type de bénéficiaire
	Other information (see the back) Autres renseignements	15 49.9	98 16	7.49	
	(voir au verso) Bo	x / Case Amount / Montant	Box / Case Amo	unt / Montant Box / Ca	se Amount / Montant
	Recipient's name (last na	me first) and address – Nom, prénom e	t adresse du bénéficiaire	Payer's name and address	- Nom et adresse du payeur
-	FIRST NAME SURNAM	E		NATIONAL BANK DIREC	T BROKERAGE
	PRÉNOM NOM			1100, BOUL. ROBERT-	BOURASSA, 7" FLOOR
	ADDRESS			MONTRÉAL, QC H3B 2	207
	ADRESSE			HOMINERD, QC HOD 2	
	urrency and identification codes odes de devise et d'identification	CAD 28			or information, see the back. obtenir des renseignements, lisez le verso.
Privacy A T5 (XX	Act, Personal Information Bank number CR.	Devises étrangères A PPU 150 and CRA PPU 005 / Loi sur la			ARC PPU 150 et ARC PPU 005

#### Dividends from taxable Canadian corporations

Essentially, the tax implications associated with a dividend will depend on the type of dividend you received, A dividend paid by a taxable Canadian corporation can be classified, very generally, as either an "eligible dividend" or a "dividend other than an eligible dividend". The tax implications and rates applied to each type of dividend reflect the underlying taxation of income earned in the corporation. Put simply, corporate income that has been taxed at a higher rate (i.e. general corporate tax rate) can be paid out as "eligible dividends" and, therefore, taxed in your hands at a lower tax rate. Earnings which were taxed at a lower corporate tax rate will be paid as "dividends other than eligible dividends" and taxed in your hands at a higher tax rate. Finally, a dividend gross-up and a dividend tax credit apply to the dividends you received from Canadian corporations. This mechanism is put in place to ensure that the combined corporate and personal tax paid on income approximates the tax that would be paid by an individual who earns the income directly (concept of "integration").

1 – Eligible dividends

Eligible dividends paid to you during the year are found in box 24 of the T5 slip. However, this is not the amount to be reported in your return; you must report the grossed-up amount shown in box 25 – Taxable amount of eligible dividends. This amount is equal to box 24 multiplied by 1.38. In addition, you will find the tax credit for eligible dividends in box 26.

2 - Dividends other than eligible dividends (or "non-eligible dividends")

Dividends other than eligible dividends paid to you over the year are found in box 10 of the T5 slip. However, this is not the amount to be reported in your return; you must report the grossed-up amount shown in box 11 of the T5 slip – Taxable amount of dividends other than eligible dividends. This amount is equal to box 10 multiplied by 1.16. In addition, you will find the tax credit for non-eligible dividends in box 12.

#### Foreign income

Earnings from dividends, interest or any other type of foreign income are shown in box 15 of the T5. The tax paid to the foreign country pertaining to such income is reported in box 16 of the T5 slip. All types of foreign income are grouped together in the same box. The Canadian tax system makes no distinction between them: they are taxed in the same way. The foreign tax credit mechanism will allow you to recover a portion of the tax paid in the foreign country in your tax return.

#### Foreign spin-off

For Canadian tax purposes, when a reorganization occurs and a foreign corporation issues shares of a new corporation, the value of these new shares must be reported as a foreign dividend (box 15 of the T5 slip) when the shares are held in a non-registered account. The event is generally taxable in Canada, even if there are no tax implications in the foreign country.

However, a tax deferral may be possible when the foreign spin-off meets certain requirements of the *Income Tax Act* (the Act governing Canadian federal income taxes, hereinafter referred to as "the ITA"). To take advantage of this deferral, foreign corporations must provide the CRA with information on the spin-off. Foreign corporations usually provide the CRA permission to publish the fact that their "spin-off shares" are eligible for the tax deferral. Thus, eligible foreign spin-offs are usually listed on the CRA's website at the following address:

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/tax/businesses/topics/eligible-spin-offs.html

Please note that even if you own "eligible spin-off shares", the amount will be reported on the T5 slip (box 15). To take advantage of the tax deferral, the taxpayer must follow the CRA's procedures as described on their website, at the following page:

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/tax/businesses/topics/information-canadian-shareholders.html

#### Interest on linked notes

Following regulatory changes in 2017 regarding the disposition or transfer of equity linked notes prior to their maturity, all gains realized at the time of disposition or transfer must be considered as accrued interest. For 2018, this interest must be declared in box 30 of the T5 slip. Box 21 of the T5008 (proceeds of disposition) will not include the interest declared on the T5.

#### **Accrued interest**

Accrued interest during the year on discount debt securities (e.g., strip coupons and residual bonds) and compound interest debt securities (e.g., Guaranteed Investment Certificates) must be reported annually, even if interest was not paid. Interest amounts are included in box 13 of the T5 slip, with the exception of interest on stripped coupons and residual bonds listed on a separate slip issued for this purpose.

#### Transfer of securities to a registered account

If savings bonds or other types of bonds are transferred with accrued interest to a Registered Retirement Savings Plan ("RRSP"), a Registered Retirement Income Fund ("RRIF"), a Tax-Free Savings Account ("TFSA") or a Registered Education Savings Plan ("RESP"), these will be included on the T5 slip and will also be shown on the Investment Income Summary.

#### **Investment Income Summary**

This summary lists, in chronological order, all the investment income paid to your non-registered accounts during the period.

In addition, it contains information on the interest you paid during the year, for example, interest on the outstanding balance of margin accounts and accrued interest paid upon the purchase of a bond. The accrued interest that was paid should not be deducted from interest received. It should be added to other deductible financial expenses. Note that the annual administration fees of an RRSP, RRIF, TFSA or RESP are not deductible, even if paid through a non-registered account.

	NATIONA	IL.	INVESTMEN	IT INCOME	SUMMARY 20XX
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	ST NAME S	JRNAME			Investment Advisor CDBN Telephone
	DRESS DRESS				5.1.N. 000.000.000
					Resident ALBERTA
V20122					AMOUNT
DATE	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION			PAID BY YOU PAID TO YOU
OUR CANA	DIAN ACCOUN	T X0X-XXXXXX-X			
014/01/30	1,000	TRANSCOA CP 4% 1ST-S7 PFD	(1)	DIV	250.00
014/01/31	1,800	CAPITAL POWER CORP	(1)	DIV	567.00
014/03/31	1,100	TRANSALTA CP4.8%-A 1ST PF	(1)	DIV	316.25
014/03/31	1,200	BIRCHCLIFF ENERGY-A PFD	(1)	DIV	600.00
014/03/31	1,500	BIRCHCLIFF ENGY 7%-C PFD	(3)	DIV	656.23
014/04/30	1,000	TRANSCOA CP 4% 1ST-S7 PFD	(1)	DIV	250.00
014/04/30	1,800	CAPITAL POWER CORP	(1)	DIV	567.00
014/06/30	1,200	BIRCHCLIFF ENERGY-A PFD	(3)	DIV	600.00
014/08/30	2,200	TRANSALTA CP4.6%-A 15T PF	(1)	DIV	632.50
014/06/30	1,500	BIRCHCLIFF ENGY 7%-C_PFD	(1)	DIV	656.25
014/07/30	1,000	TRANSCOA OP 4% 1ST-S7 PFD	(1)	DIV	250.00
014/07/31		CAPITAL POWER CORP	(1)	DIV	567.00
014/09/03		SPROTT INC	(†)	DIV	195.00
014/00/30		CAPITAL POWER 4.6% S1 PFD	(1)	DIV	517.50
014/09/30	1,200	BIRCHCLIFF ENERGY-A PFD	(1)	DIV	600.00
014/09/30	2,200	TRANSALTA CP4.6%-A 1ST PF BIRCHCUFF ENGY 7%-C PFD	(1)	DIV	632.50
014/10/30		TRANSCOA CP 4% 1ST-S7 PFD	(†) (†)	DIV	506 23 250 00
014/10/30		ABERDEEN ASIA-PACIFIC INC	00	ROC	62.50
014/11/28		ABERDEEN ASIA-PACIFIC INC	(5)	DIV	04.50
014/12/06		SPROTT INC	(1)	DIV	195.00
014/12/01		TAUSMAN EGY 4 2%CM-1 PFD	(1)	DIV	341.25
014/12/31		CAPITAL POWER 4.6% S1 PFD	(1)	DIV	517.50
014/12/31	1,200	BIRCHCLIFF ENERGY-A. PFD	(1)	DIV	600.00
014/12/31	2,200	TRANSALTA CP4 6%-A 1ST PF	(1)	DIV	632.50
014/12/01		BIRCHCLIFF ENGY 7%-C PFD	(1)	DIV	656.25
OTALS FOR	ALL OF THE A	CCOUNTS : XX-XXXX			
1) EUGIBLE	ONIDENDS FR	IOM CANADIAN CORPS			11,706.00
5) GROSS I	NCOME FROM	FOREIGN SOURCES			129.41
COLUMN TRANSPORT	and the state of the state of	AND / OR RETURN OF CAPITAL			#2.59

### T5008 Slip - Statement of Securities Transactions

If you have sold securities from your non-registered account during the year, you will receive a T5008 statement.

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Beneficiaire								For Assis	stance pleas	e contact/Pour as	sistance, contacter
										NOR MIN	
								ACCOL	JNT/COMP	TE #	
					10	Report Code Code du feuillet O	11 Recipient type Type de benéficiaire 3		eign currency ses étrangères		ification number ification du bénéficiaire
17 Identification of securities Designation des titres	15 Type code of Security of genera de Ibra	14 0		Quantity of securities Quantité de titres	Unit Price Prix unitaire		oceads of disposition			ommission and/or fee ommission et/ou frais	
ANOUR DE MONTREAL	SHS	JANV 0	9	2	97.379		194.76				
FCE INC	SHS	JANV 0	9	6	58,610		351,66				
ROOKFIELD INFRA PINE LPU	PTI	AVR 1	1	16	51.053		816.86				
ANAM GROUP INC	SRS	JANV 0	9	36	8.741		314.69				
ANAM GROUP INC .	SHS	JUIL 0	6	52	RED		639.60				
OTAL				88			954.29				
OMINAR REAL EST INVT T/U	PTI	JANV 0			14,862		282.39				
SHARES MOCI EAPE BTP	SHS	JANV 2			59.368		65,627,76			1.43	
SHRS CORE SAP/TEX CAPPED	PTI	JANV 2		3540	24.470		86,625,92				
SHE SAP US M/C CSHDG HTF	PTI	JANV 2			16.420		45,319,20				
AGING RIVER EXPL INC	SHS	AVR 1		64	9.167		586.73				
ANOE RES INC	SHS	JUIL 1		20	6,995		489.68				
OURMALINE OIL CORP	SHS	AVR 1		1	29.179		29.18				
C AM PL-PWO /SF/N'FRAC	MFT	MARS 0	(T)		14.452		18,100.00				
C AM PL-PWO /SF/N'FRAC C AM PL-PWO /SF/N'FRAC	MFT	JUIN 0 JUIL 1			15.171		4,000.00				
OTAL	- AP 1			2329,876	14.500		33,900.00				
BI AC ME PP-PW/SF/N'FRAC	MPT	MARS 0	e		14,580		11,000.00				
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Please note the following three elements that may be relevant to your situation:

- Box 20 is shown on the T5008 slip (and it not empty): Box 20 of the T5008 represents the cost or book value. This is the original cost paid or payable for securities or investments. Note that the amount shown in box 20 does not represent the adjusted cost base (ACB) required to calculate the gain or loss for tax purposes.
- Box 20 is not shown on the T5008 slip, or it is empty: When box 20 of the T5008 slip is empty, it is because the institution does not have accurate information to report a book value. You should check your records to determine the ACB in order to calculate your gain or loss for tax purposes.
- Note that if you or your accountant use electronic slips, you must manually add the adjusted cost base in Schedule 3, otherwise the gain will be overvalued. Please see below the section outlining the concept of <u>fiscal ACB</u>.

#### How is the capital gain or loss calculated?

The fiscal gain or loss is calculated as follows:

#### Proceeds of disposition minus fiscal ACB less expenses incurred to sell the asset.

Thus, the fiscal ACB is used to calculate, at the time of disposition, the taxpayer's loss or gain, for tax purposes.

#### Proceeds of disposition

Proceeds of disposition is the amount received or receivable in return for property or goods, and is generally the sale price. Box 21 of the T5008 slip represents the proceeds of disposition before commission or any expenses disbursed.

#### **Commission or fees**

The T5008 slip also reports the fees or commissions incurred on the disposition of the security. This amount is needed to accurately calculate the fiscal gain or loss as mentioned above.

#### ACB for fiscal purposes

This is typically the cost of acquiring a security with certain upward or downward adjustments. For example, brokerage fees or commissions are added to the ACB, and for some securities the ACB is reduced by capital distributions.

#### Special rules for identical properties

If an individual buys identical properties at different prices, an average ACB must be calculated after each purchase. Dispositions of identical properties do not affect the ACB. The CRA considers that identical properties are securities that are similar based on key elements, such that a potential buyer will have no preference for one over the other. For example, shares of the same class of the capital stock of a corporation or units of a mutual fund trust will be considered identical properties.

Here is the link to the CRA's website that explains, in detail, the calculation of gains and losses on capital property:

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/tax/individuals/topics/about-your-tax-return/tax-return/completing-a-tax-return/personal-income/line-127-capital-gains/calculating-reporting-your-capital-gains-losses.html

The following example outlines the calculation of the average ACB for the same class of shares for the "ABC Inc." corporation (i.e. the ACB for identical properties):

ABC Inc.		А	В	С			D	E
Date		Number of shares sold or bought	Purchase price/Sell price	Total (AxB)	Total Shares	Average Tax ACB	Average Tax ACB	Gains (losses) C-(AxD)
10-Feb	BUY	100	12	1200	100	1200	12	
12-Mar	BUY	150	9	1350	250	2550	10.2	
15-Mar	SELL	(50)	8	400	200	2040	10.2	(110)
25-Jul	BUY	200	5	1000	400	3040	7.6	

#### Settlement date vs. transaction date

A disposition for tax purposes is triggered on the settlement date rather than on the date the transaction was ordered.

#### Conversion to Canadian dollars

Please note that all information reported on your income tax return must be in Canadian dollars (with a few exceptions). As well, the fiscal ACB must be calculated in Canadian dollars, even if the security (Canadian or foreign) is denominated in a different currency. Thus, the exchange rates in effect at the time of purchase and at the time of disposition must be used to calculate the ACB and the proceeds of disposition accordingly, and therefore, will ultimately determine the gain/loss. Note that the CRA indicates on its website that you can use the annual average exchange rate when transactions occur throughout the year, as is the case when receiving dividends or interest. This is not the case when calculating the ACB, the proceeds of disposition and the capital gain/loss.

#### **Linked Notes**

A linked note is a debt obligation, most often issued by a financial institution, the return on which is linked in some manner to the performance of one or more reference assets or indexes over the term of the obligation.

Previously, selling a linked note prior to maturity generally only generated a capital gain or loss. Since January 1, 2017, all or a portion of any gain realized on the sale of a linked note is deemed to be interest that has accrued on the debt obligation. This measure ensures that any positive return on a linked note retains the same character, whether it is earned at maturity or reflected in a secondary market sale.

The following three elements must be identified at the sale or maturity of a linked note:

- 1 the taxable interest (T5 slip);
- 2 the interest paid to the seller at purchase; this is deductible in Schedule 4 (no prescribed slip);
- 3 the gain or loss, as applicable (slip T5008 and calculation of the ACB).

We recommend that you calculate each of the steps in the following order:

1 - Calculation of interest: Paragraph 20(14.2) of the ITA stipulates that the difference between the amount received in exchange for the linked note (hereinafter, the "Sell Price") and the remaining capital (hereinafter, the "Face Value") is considered interest income, regardless of whether the linked note was sold before or after maturity. When there are returns of capital during the holding period, the repaid amount reduces the Face Value for the calculation of interest at the time of the disposition or the maturity of the linked note (see example 6 below). Note that even if a capital loss is realized in the third step calculation, this capital loss does not reduce the interest calculated in this first step.

The CRA requires that the portion of interest be reported on a T5 slip.

2 - Calculation of interest paid to the seller at purchase: When a premium is paid upon the acquisition of a linked note, it is generally considered as interest paid to the seller. In this case, the purchaser would be entitled to deduct an amount, limited to the interest calculated in step 1 and indicated on the T5 slip, as "interest paid" pursuant to paragraph 20(14)(b) of the ITA. This amount must be provided in Schedule 4 of the income tax return. The interest paid also reduces the acquisition cost for the purpose of calculating the ACB (see example 3 below).

3 - Calculation of the gain or loss: Upon the disposition or the maturity of the linked note, it is necessary to calculate whether there is a gain or loss. For this purpose, the proceeds of disposition must be reduced by the interest income included at the time of disposition or maturity (step 1 above). In addition, the initial cost must, in certain circumstances, be modified to obtain the adjusted cost base (ACB) required to calculate the capital gain or loss. For additional information, please refer to the section entitled "How is the capital gain or loss calculated?" above.

The disposition or maturity must also be reported on a T5008 (Box 15 = ELN or BLA for Linked Notes) slip. However, the proceeds of disposition on the T5008 slip are reduced by the portion of interest indicated on the T5 slip.

The following are examples illustrating the calculation of the interest and the capital gain (or loss) resulting from the disposition or the maturity of the linked note.

#### Example 1: Purchase at face value

Face Value	\$1,000
Investor's Purchase Price	\$1,000
Sell Price	\$1,020
Interest (T5)	\$20
Gain (loss) calculation	
Proceeds of Disposition	\$1,020
Adjustment (interest T5)	\$20
Proceeds of Disposition (T5008)	\$1,000
Initial Cost	\$1,000
Adjustment	\$0
Adjusted Cost Base	\$1,000
Gain (loss)	\$0

#### **Example 2: Commissions**

The payment of a commission requires an adjustment to the calculation of the capital gain (loss). If a \$25 commission was paid at the time of disposition, this amount must be considered in the calculation of the gain (loss). Please refer to the section "<u>How is the capital gain or loss calculated?</u>" above for more information. No adjustment is required when the commission is integrated into the product, that is, provided in the linked note's issuing document.

Face Value	\$1,000
Investor's Purchase Price	\$1,000
Sell Price	\$1,020
Purchase Commission	\$0
Sale Commission	\$25
Interest (T5)	<mark>\$2</mark> 0
Gain (loss) calculation	
Proceeds of Disposition	\$1,020
Adjustment (interest T5)	\$20
Proceeds of Disposition (T5008)	\$1,000
Purchase Commission	\$25
Initial Cost	\$1,000
Adjustment	\$0
Adjusted Cost Base	\$1,000
Gain (loss)	\$25

#### Example 3: Acquisition cost exceeds face value

When a premium is paid upon the acquisition of a linked note, it is generally considered as interest paid to the seller. In this case, the purchaser would be entitled to deduct the amount as "interest paid" pursuant to paragraph 20(14)(b) of the ITA. This amount must be shown in Appendix 4 of the individual's income tax return. The interest paid also reduces the acquisition cost for the purpose of calculating the ACB.

Face Value	\$1,000
Investor's Purchase Price	\$1,050
Sell Price	\$1,070
Interest (T5)	\$70
Deduction for interest paid purchase (Schedule 4)	\$50
Gain (loss) calculation	
Proceeds of Disposition	\$1,070
Adjustment (interest T5)	\$70
Proceeds of Disposition (T5008)	\$1,000
Initial Cost	\$1,050
Adjustment (interest paid on purchase)	\$50
Adjusted Cost Base	\$1,000
Gain (loss)	\$0

#### Example 4: Acquisition cost below face value

Face Value	\$1,000
Investor's Purchase Price	\$998
Sell Price	\$1,000
Interest (T5)	\$0
Deduction for interest paid on bought (Schedule 4)	\$0
Gain (loss) calculation	
Proceeds of Disposition	\$1,000
Adjustment (interest T5)	\$0
Proceeds of Disposition (T5008)	\$1,000
Initial Cost	\$998
Adjustment (interest paid)	\$0
Adjusted Cost Base	\$998
Gain (loss)	\$2

#### **Example 5: Foreign currency linked notes**

Interest received (and taxable) is converted using the exchange rate at the time of payment. Interest paid (deductible in Schedule 4) is converted at the exchange rate applicable at the time of acquisition.

For the purpose of calculating the gain (loss), proceeds of disposition and related expenses are converted at the exchange rate at the time of disposition or maturity, as the case may be. Proceeds of disposition are reduced by the interest included in Canadian dollars. Finally, the initial cost is converted to the exchange rate at the time of acquisition. Adjusted cost base adjustments (such as interest paid) are converted at the exchange rate when they occur.

	USD		Rate of conversion	CDN \$
Face Value	\$1,000	January 16, 2018	1.1	\$1,100
Investor's Purchase Price	\$1,050	April 18, 2018	1.2	\$1,260
Sell Price	\$1,070	November 26, 2018	1.3	\$1,391
Interest (T5)	\$70		1.3	\$91
Deduction for interest paid on bought (Schedule 4)	\$50		1.2	\$60
Gain (loss) calculation				
Proceeds of Disposition	\$1,070		1.3	\$1,391
Adjustment (interest T5)	\$70		1.3	\$91
Proceeds of Disposition (T5008)	\$1,000			\$1,300
Initial Cost	\$1,050		1.2	\$1,260
Adjustment (interest paid)	\$50			\$60
Adjusted Cost Base	\$1,000			\$1,200
Gain (loss)	\$0			\$100

#### Example 6: Return on capital

When there are returns of capital during the holding period, the repaid amount reduces the face value for the calculation of interest at the time of the disposition or the maturity of the linked note. This amount also reduces the purchase price to obtain the adjusted cost base (ACB) for the calculation of the gain or loss.

Face Value	\$1,000
Investor's Purchase Price	\$1,000
Return on capital	\$200
Sell Price	\$820
Interest (T5)	\$20
Gain (loss) calculation	
Proceeds of Disposition	\$820
Adjustment (interest T5)	\$20
Proceeds of Disposition (T5008)	\$800
Initial Cost	\$1,000
Adjustment (Return on capital)	\$200
Adjusted Cost Base	\$800
Gain (loss)	\$0

## T5013 Slip – Statement of Partnership Income

If you hold units of a limited partnership (or units of a partnership), you will receive tax information on a T5013 slip. Note that you will receive a separate T5013 for each limited partnership (or partnership) for which you hold units.

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Please note that a holder of partnership units must inform the CRA of the partnership's allocation, which may differ from the amounts actually received in the account. Thus, the taxpayer should use the amounts shown on the T5013 statement. Note that, for information purposes, the amount that has actually been distributed is generally shown on the top right-hand corner of the T5013 slip.

You can now use the CRA's "*My Account*" and the auto-fill function to facilitate the preparation of your tax return. However, please note that the T5013 slip is issued in the name of the partnership and you will not find a T5013 slip issued under NBDB's name. The information shown on your T5013 slip will therefore be reported in "*My Account*", under the name of each partnership.

Due to the complexity and number of boxes and information shown on the T5013, we strongly recommend that you visit the CRA website to learn more about this topic using the following link:

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/forms-publications/publications/t5013-inst.html

Partnerships that are incorporated as tax shelters or that waive certain fees in favour of the original investor often provide, on their website complete and detailed information regarding the taxation of the amounts reported on the T5013 slip. In addition, their website should also help establish how to report these amounts in your tax return. Thus, we suggest that you visit these partnerships' websites for additional information.

#### FAQ T5013

I received a T5013 slip from NBdb. However, I do not find any T5013 slips issued under NBdb's name in the list provided in the CRA's "My Account". Why?

The T5013 slips are issued by NBdb, but on behalf of the partnership. The revenues shown on the T5013 that you have received are reported under the partnership's name in "*My Account*". You will therefore not find a T5013 slip issued under NBDB's name in "*My Account*".

#### Joint accounts

Note that when an account is jointly held between spouses, the client must allocate the income, the gains and the losses generated based on each individual's contribution, even if only one tax slip is issued.

Hence, tax legislation applies attribution rules, disallowing income splitting in certain situations involving gifts and loans to spouses or common-law partners and minor children.

## **RRSP**

#### **RRSP** contribution slips

If you have contributed to an RRSP of which you or your spouse or common-law partner is an annuitant between March 1, 2018 and March 1, 2019, you will receive an RRSP contribution receipt. Receipts will be issued for two separate periods: the first one corresponding to contributions between March 1, 2018 and December 31, 2018, and the second covering the first 60 days of 2019 from January 1, 2019 to March 1, 2019.

It is important to complete Schedule 7 of your 2018 income tax return and attach all receipts including those covering the first 60 days of 2019, even if you do not claim RRSP deductions in 2018 for some or all contributions made between March 1, 2018 and March 1, 2019.

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#### Spousal or common law partner RRSP

You can contribute into a spousal or common law partner RRSP instead of yours. These contributions will be deductible on your income tax return based on your RRSP deduction limit (i.e., RRSP contribution room). You will need to identify separately, in Schedule 7, the contributions to your RRSP from those made to your spousal or common law partner RRSP.

#### **Excess contributions**

A penalty of 1% per month is payable on contributions made to an RRSP that exceed your RRSP deduction limiti by more than \$2,000. If you are subject to this special tax, you must complete a T1-OVP return, "Individual Tax Return for RRSP, SPP and PRPP - Excess Contributions", send it to your tax centre and make a payment within 90 days following the end of the calendar year to avoid paying a penalty or interest.

The application of this special tax (1%) may cease either:

- when you have new RRSP contribution room; or
- at the time of withdrawal of excess contributions.

#### Withdrawal of excess contributions

If you withdraw excess contributions from your RRSP, you will have to include the withdrawn amount in your income for the year of withdrawal, <u>even if</u> you have never deducted this amount in your previous tax returns. However, an offsetting deduction can be claimed when certain conditions are met.

## RRSP or RRIF Withdrawal – T4RSP and T4RIF Slips

If you made a withdrawal from your RRSP or RRIF account during the year, you will receive a T4RSP or T4RIF slip, as applicable, showing the amount withdrawn and taxes withheld. The taxes withheld will be credited to your taxes owed on your income tax return. You may still have to pay taxes, in particular if you have other sources of income.

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# Attribution Rules: Calculation of the amount to be included in your income and in the income of your spouse or common-law partner

When you withdraw from a spousal or common law partner RRSP, it is possible that all or part of the amount on the T4RSP or T4RIF slip is reattributed to you, meaning that the amount must be included in your income tax return (the contributor's tax return).

If you contributed to a spousal or common law partner RRSP in 2016, 2017 or 2018, you may have to include in your 2018 income some or all of the amounts withdrawn from the spousal or common law partner RRSP.

In the year of withdrawal (e.g., 2018), you must include the lesser of

- the amount you contributed to your spouse's RRSP for the year of withdrawal (2018) as well as the two previous years (2017 and 2016), and
- 2 the amount that your spouse or common law partner has withdrawn from his/her RRSP (e.g., 2018).

#### Please review the CRA website for more information:

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/tax/individuals/topics/rrsps-related-plans/making-withdrawals/ withdrawing-spousal-common-law-partner-rrsps.html

Use Form T2205, "Amounts from a Spousal or Common-law Partner RRSP, RRIF or SPP to Include in Income" to calculate the amount to be included in your income tax return and your spouse's or common-law partner's return.

In all cases, the individual whose name appears on the slip must declare the tax withheld. Most of the time, after a withdrawal, the information slip is made in the name of the annuitant. However, you must report income as calculated in Parts 1 and 2 of Form T2205.

#### **Exceptions**

The attribution rules do not apply in the following situations:

2 you and your spouse or common-law partner were living separately at the time of withdrawal due to a breakdown of the relationship;

2 at the time of withdrawal, you or your spouse or common-law partner were non-residents of Canada;

to the Prescribed Minimum RRIF Amount: the attribution rules apply only to amounts in excess of the minimum withdrawal for the year;

**1** in the year of death.

## RESP Withdrawal - T4A Slip

An RESP income withdrawal will trigger the issuance of a T4A/Relevé 1 slip in the name of the beneficiary of the plan. RESP capital withdrawals are not taxable.

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## Tax-Free Savings Account ("TFSA")

The TFSA is an account that allows a taxpayer to save and invest on a tax-free basis. Any amounts accumulated in a TFSA or withdrawn from the account are not taxable.

#### Eligibility

Any individual who is 18 years of age or older living in Canada and who has a valid Canadian Social Insurance Number is eligible to open a TFSA. Individuals who reach the age of 18 during the year must wait until their birthday to open a TFSA. In Canadian provinces where the age of majority is 19 (British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Nunavut, the Northwest Territories, Yukon and Newfoundland/Labrador), a TFSA account for an individual who is 18 years of age must be opened as follows: "Name of the Child, C/O name of the guardian, tutorship to minors." When the individual turns 19, a new TFSA account will have to be opened in the individual's name and new documents must be signed by him/her.

#### **Annual TFSA contribution limit**

The TFSA contribution limit for 2019 is \$6,000. The limit will be indexed to the inflation rate for subsequent years and will be rounded to the nearest \$500. Exceptionally, the 2015 contribution limit was \$10,000. The contribution limit for each of 2013, 2014, 2016, 2017 and 2018 was \$5,500, and the annual limit for 2009 to 2012 was \$5,000.

A TFSA contribution is not deducted from income (unlike an RRSP contribution). Unused contribution room will be carried forward to future years indefinitely and there is no cumulative limit. In addition, withdrawals from a TFSA in a given year will be added to the individual's contribution room for the following year. This allows individuals withdrawing money from their TFSA to use their accumulated savings to recontribute an amount equivalent to the withdrawal in the following or subsequent years.

The calculation of the annual contribution room is as follows:

Unused contribution room from previous years + withdrawals made in the previous year + current year's contribution room

For example, an individual has unused contribution room of \$10,000 and withdraws \$7,000 in a given year. The following year, she/he may therefore contribute \$17,000, in addition to the current year's contribution limit. As with RRSPs, it is not possible for financial institutions to calculate, for the client, the amount they are entitled to contribute to their TFSA. Note, however, that it is possible to find this information on the CRA's "*My Account*". For more information, see the following webpage:

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/tax/individuals/topics/tax-free-savings-account/contributions.html

"In kind" contributions are allowed. The amount of the contribution will be equal to the fair market value ("FMV") of the property. CRA considers that there was a disposition of the property at FMV at the time of the contribution. If the FMV exceeds the cost of the property, a capital gain must be reported when filing your tax return. However, if the cost is greater than the FMV, no capital loss will be permitted since the loss would be considered "deemed to be nil" under the ITA.

There is no maximum age for contributing. No tax slip will be issued. Each year, CRA will determine, for the TFSA holder, his/ her permitted contribution amount. Interest paid on money borrowed and invested in a TFSA, is not deductible for tax purposes.

#### **Excess contributions**

Excess TFSA contributions are subject to a 1% tax per month. If the CRA suspects that the excess contributions were deliberate, a 100% tax will be levied on income earned on these contributions. There is no special procedure to withdraw excess contributions; i.e., a regular withdrawal must be made. The withdrawal of excess contributions will not allow the holder to accumulate new contribution room.

#### Example:

Michael opened a TFSA on February 6, 2009, and contributed \$5,000. On March 3rd, 2010, he contributed \$7,000. As Michael's TFSA contribution room was only \$5,000 at the beginning of 2010 (the contribution limit for that year), he had an excess TFSA amount of \$2,000 in his account due to the \$7,000 contribution made on March 3rd. On May 17th, 2010, Michael withdrew \$3,200 from his TFSA. Thus, his TFSA account was no longer in excess and \$1,200 could be added to his TFSA in 2011.

The tax payable would therefore be: Excess x 1% x number of months = \$2,000 x 1% x 3 months = \$60

#### Withdrawals

TFSA withdrawals may be made at any time, for any reason, and are not taxable. The total amount of the withdrawals may be recontributed to the TFSA in the following or subsequent years (due to the increase in contribution room). Hence, a TFSA withdrawal restores contribution room, which is not the case for RRSP withdrawals.

#### Plan's maturity date

Unlike an RRSP, where you must terminate the plan when reaching 71 years of age, there is no termination date for a TFSA. The TFSA, therefore, offers seniors aged 71 and over a tax-free savings vehicle.

#### Differences between a TFSA and an RRSP

Both plans offer fiscal benefits but have significant differences:

- RRSP contributions are deductible for income tax purposes unlike those made to a TFSA.
- RRSP withdrawals are added to income, are taxed at the current rate, and do not result in restored contribution room. TFSA withdrawals and income do not raise any tax implications, i.e., they are tax-free. Moreover, TFSA contribution room may be restored after a withdrawal. For more information, please visit the CRA website:

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/tax/individuals/topics/tax-free-savings-account.html?=slnk

## Miscellaneous

#### Real Return Bonds (RRBs) in non-registered accounts

#### If you hold this type of bond and require further information, please visit

http://nbfwm.ca/en/financial-information/tax-reporting-information/tax-return/#index=10.

#### NR4 slip - Statement of Amounts Paid or Credited to Non-Residents of Canada

Non-residents of Canada will receive a NR4 stating the gross investment income, the tax withheld (if applicable) as well as withdrawals from registered accounts. Usually, the withholding tax will be considered a final tax and the non-resident should not be required to file a Canadian income tax return unless he or she is in a special situation.

		Image: A statement of amounts paid on credited to non-residents of canada           gent identification number dentification du payeur ou de l'agent         Image: A constraint of canadian tax identification number Numéro d'identification étranger ou canadien aux fins de l'impôt           XXXXXX         000 000 000         000
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In addition, non-residents of Canada holding units of a limited partnership (or units of a partnership) may also receive a T5013 slip. For more information on the T5013 slip, please refer to the relevant section above (page 18).

#### Stripped coupons

The interest accrued on discount debt securities (stripped or residual obligations) must be declared annually, even though the interest is received only when the security matures or is sold (excluding Treasury bonds whose interest is only reported at maturity or upon a sale). Moreover, capital gain or loss from the sale of a coupon or a residual obligation must be reported prior to the maturity date.

Various methods, more or less complex, can be used to calculate the annual accrued interest on a stripped coupon or residual obligation. Remember that although the results differ slightly depending on the method used, the end result over the life of the investment will be exactly the same and you will have reported the same total amount of interest.

## American Tax Slips

#### Form 1042-S (Foreign Person's U.S. Source Income Subject to Withholding)

If you are not a U.S. citizen and you have received U.S. source income from a non-registered account for which the beneficiary is a limited partnership, an investment club or association that is not incorporated, a unique shareholder, a transferor trust, or a simple trust, you will receive a Form 1042-S. This slip will show the income generated to your account as well as withholdings remitted to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("IRS").

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#### Form 1099-DIV (Dividend and Distributions) and Form 1099-INT (Interest Income)

If you are a "documented" U.S. investor, whether residing in the United States or not, you will receive a Form 1099–DIV and/or a Form 1099-INT corresponding to your U.S. source dividend income and/or interest income, respectively, generated by your investments in your RESP, RDSP and TFSA accounts.

If you are an "un-documented" U.S. investor, you will receive a Form 1099-DIV and/or a Form 1099-INT for U.S. source income from your non-registered accounts in addition to those from your RESP, RDSP and TFSA accounts.

	NATIONAL BANK DIRECT BROKERAGE IRS INVESTMENT INCOME SUMMARY					
1100, BOUL. R MONTRÉAL, QC		ASSA, 7 <sup>™</sup> FLOOR		RECIPIE	NT ID	000000000
FIRST NAI ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS		AME				
Date 2000	Guantity	Description.	Entry Type	Account Currency	Amount Conv. Rate	195
TOUR U.S. ACCOUNT		XX-XXXX-X				
14.01.31 14.02.03	200	NONSANTO CO FREEPORT-MCNORAN COPPAGLD	DEV			86.00
14.03.03 14.03.20	300	CLIFTS NATURAL RES INC MOSAIC CO-NEW	00V 00V			45.00
14.04.25	200	HOMEANTO CO FREEDORT-HOMORAN COPPAGED	DEN			86.00
14.06.03	300	CLIFFS NATURAL BES INC.	0.07			45.00
14.04.19	350	NOSAIC CO-NEW	007			87.50

		CTED (if checked)		
PAYER'S name, street address country, ZIP or foreign postal or	, city or town, province or state de, and telephone no.	1a Total ordinary dividends	OMB No. 1545-0110	
NATIONAL BANK DIRECT BE	OKERAGE	\$ 20.00		Dividends and
1100, BOUL. ROBERT-BOUR	ASSA, 7" FLOOR	1b Qualified dividends	20 <b>XX</b>	Distributions
MONTRÉAL, QC H3B 2G7				
		\$ 20.00	Form 1099-DIV	
		2a Total capital gain distr.	2b Unrecap. Sec. 1250	gain Copy B
		\$	\$	For Recipient
PAYER's federal identification number	RECIPIENT'S identification number	2c Section 1202 gain	2dCollectibles (28%	) gain
00000000	00000000	s	\$	
RECIPIENT's name, Street add City or town, province or state, or	ress (including apt. no.),	3 Nondividend distributions	4 Federal income tax with	hheld This is important tax
postal code	soundy, and zip of foreign	\$	\$	information and is
			5 Investment exper	nses being furnished to the Internal Revenue
			\$	Conside Hugu are
		6 Foreign tax paid	7 Foreign country or U.S. por	required to file a
		\$ 3.00		return, a negligence penalty or other
		8 Cash liquidation distributions	9 Noncash liquidation dis	tributions sanction may be imposed on you if
		\$	\$	this income is taxable
		10 Exempt-interest dividends	11 Specified private activ bond interest dividends	ity and the IRS determines that it has
		s	s	not been reported.
Account number (see instruction	15)	12 State 13 State identification no.	14 State tax withheld	
XXXXXX			s	
Form 1099-DIV	(keep for your records)	www.irs.gov/form1099div	Department of the Tre	easury - Internal Revenue Service

Instruct	liono	forl	Pool	iniont

tructions for Recipient bient's identification number. For your protection, only the last four digits of your social security numb dual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), or adopti fication number (ATIN). However, the issuer has reg lete identification number to the IRS and, where app and/or local governments.

mber. May show an account or other unique number the ed to distinguish your account.

signed to disjugish your account of other unique number the signed to disjugish your account. All the signed to dispuse the signed signed signed signed to the less (1040, or 1040), if required. Shows the portion of the amount in box 1 a that may be eligible to determine this amount. Report the eligible amount on Form 1040 or 1040A. The shows the port to be the signed at a signed to determine this amount. Report the eligible amount on the store to be the signed to determine the signed to be the signed to be signed Box 2a. Sh 1040A) rather than Schedule D. See the Form 1040/1040A instruction Box 2b. Shows the portion of the amount in box 2a that is unrecaptured section 1250 gain from certain depreciable real Gain Worksheet Line 19 in the Schedule D instructions (Form 1040). Box 2c. Shows the portion of the amount in box 2a that is section 1202 gain from certain small business stock that may be subject to an exclusion. See the Schedule D (Form 1040) instructions, if Box 2d. Shows 25% rate gain from sales or exchanges of Collectibles. If required, use this amount when completing the 28% collectibles. If required, use this amount when completing the 28% (Form 1040). Box 3. Shows the part of the distribution that is nontaxable by it is a return of your cost (or other basis). You must reduce y (or other basis) by this amount for figuring gain or loss when your stock. But if you get back all your cost (or other basis), future distributions as capital gains. See Pub. 550, Investmer Income and Expenses.

Expenses. rs backup withholding. A payer must backup rents if you did not give your taxpayer identifi-te payer. See Form W-9, Request for Taxpay Number and Certification, for information on holding. Include this amount on your income ald.

Box 5. Shows your share of expenses of a nonpublicly offe regulated investment company, generally a nonpublicly offer mutual fund. If you file Form 1040, you may deduct these e: on the "Other expenses" line on Schedule A (Form 1040) su the 2% limit. This amount is included in box 1a. Intra e is since the second is the based in tool task of the second in tool task of the foreign task you may be able to claim as a deduction or a credit on Form 1040. See the Form 1040 instructions of the second second in the second Boxes o and a source table and non-cash regulation declinates Box 10. Shows exempti-interest dividends from a mutual fund or other regulated investment company paid to you during the calendar year. Include this amount on line Bo of Form 1040 or 1040A as tax-exempt interest. This amount may be subject to backup withfolding. See box 4.

Box 11. Shows exempt-interest dividends subject to the alter minimum tax. This amount is included in box 10. See the Instructions for Form 6251.

Instructions for Form 6251. Box 12-14. State income tax withheld reporting boxes. Nominees. It this form includes amounts belonging to another 1099-DIV with a form 1099 with the IRS for each of the other owners to show their share of the income, and you must furnish a Form 1099-DIV smouths open by the other score, and you must furnish a Form 1099-DIV smouths open by the other score, see See the 2014 General Instructions for Centain Information Returns.

developments. For the latest information about the developments. For the latest information about the development 1099-DIV and its instructions, such as legislation ey were published, go to www.irs.gov/form1099div.

PAYER'S name, street address, country, ZIP or foreign postal co NATIONAL BANK DIRECT		1a Total ordinary dividends S 20.00	OMB No. 1545-0110	
	100, BOUL. ROBERT-BOURASSA, 7" FLOOR		20••• •'	Dividends and Distributions
HONIKERE, QC HOB 207		\$ 20.00	Form 1099-DIV	
		2a Total capital gain dist	r. 2bUnrecap. Sec. 1250 gain	Copy :
		s	s	To be filed with
PAYER's federal identification number	RECIPIENT'S identification number	2c Section 1202 gain	2dCollectibles (28%) gain	recipient's stat income tax return when required
000000000	000000000	s	\$	when required
RECIPIENT's name, Street addr City or town, province or state, o	ess (including apt. no.),	3 Nondividend distribution	4 Federal income tax withheld	1
postal code	ouney, and zip or loneign	S	\$	
			5 Investment expenses S	
		6 Foreign tax paid	7 Foreign country or U.S. possession	
		\$ 3.00		
		8 Cash liquidation distributions	9 Noncash liquidation distributions	1
		S	\$	
		10 Exempt-interest dividends	11 Specified private activity bond interest dividends	
		s	\$	
Account number (see instruction	s)	12 State 13 State identificati no.	n 14 State tax withheld	
XXXXXX		1 1	s	1

#### 29

#### Form 1099-B (Proceeds from Broker and Barter Exchange Transactions)

If you are a "documented" U.S. investor residing in the United States, you will receive a Form 1099-B reporting the dispositions of all the securities from your RESP, RDSP and TFSA accounts (e.g., U.S., Canadian and other sources).

If you are an "un-documented" U.S. investor residing in the United States, you will receive a Form 1099-B reporting the dispositions of all the securities from your non-registered accounts in addition to those from your RESP, RDSP and TFSA accounts.

There is no Form 1099-B generated for U.S. investors not residing in the United States.

In this context, "documented" refers to the supporting documents establishing the U.S. residency and/or citizenship of the client, which can be established by completing the IRS' Form W-9.

You must use these tax slips in order to file your U.S. tax return (1040).





## FAQ – Tax Slips and Miscellaneous

#### What is a 1042-S?

A 1042-S is a form produced by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS). It provides information on U.S. source income and withholdings associated with this income.

#### Why did I receive a Form 1042-S?

You received this form because U.S. source income was deposited into your account.

#### Why were there withholdings on my registered account when income paid into this account is not taxable?

It is true that income is not taxed in a registered account. There are, however, withholdings on U.S. source income paid into an TFSA, RESP or registered disability savings plan ("RDSP"). These are considered "non-registered vehicles", and therefore taxable, by U.S. tax authorities. The withholdings associated with these accounts cannot be recovered through the Canadian foreign tax credit mechanism. Note that the treatment is different for RRSP/RRIF accounts: no withholding tax will be levied for these since the United States recognizes Canadian RRSPs and RRIFs as having non-taxable "registered plan" status. Thus, in accordance with the tax treaty between Canada and the United States, money or investments held in an RRSP/RRIF continue to grow tax-free as long as no amounts are withdrawn.

The withholding rate may differ according to the documentation that you provide at account opening, as well as your country of residence. The tax treaty between the United States and certain countries, including Canada, provides the right to a reduced withholding rate. To be eligible for the treaty's preferential tax rate, you must provide documentation establishing your place of residence, i.e., the IRS' Form "W-8BEN" or any other acceptable document. We strongly recommend that you contact a representative to determine the forms required for your specific situation. If you do not fill in the required documentation, the maximum withholding rate of 30% will be applied to all U.S. source income paid into your non-registered accounts, TFSAs, RESPs and RDSPs. The withholding is remitted to the U.S. tax authorities and is generally considered a final tax. Therefore, you do not need to file a U.S. tax return (Form 1040NR or Form 1040) unless you need to file one for another reason, or there is reason to believe that you will be able to recover a withheld amount from the U.S. tax authorities.

#### Do I have to file the Form 1042-S with my Canadian tax report?

No, because it is a U.S. form.

#### Deduction for carrying charges and interest expenses for non-registered accounts

Carrying charges and interest expenses are deductible within certain limitations. Here is a brief summary of these:

#### As outlined by CRA on their website:

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/tax/individuals/topics/about-your-tax-return/tax-return/completing-a-tax-return/deductions-credits-expenses/line-221-carrying-charges-interest-expenses.html

#### Line 221 - Carrying charges and interest expenses

Claim the following carrying charges and interest you paid to earn income from investments:

most interest you pay on money you borrow for investment purposes, but generally only if you use it to try to earn investment income, including interest and dividends. However, if the only earnings your investment can produce are capital gains, you cannot claim the interest you paid.

# T1135 — GUIDE Foreign Income Verification Statement

For information purposes only, you shall find hereinafter information on Form T1135.

#### What is Form T1135 - "Foreign Income Verification Statement"?

All taxpayers (individuals, corporations, trusts) that reside in Canada must complete and file Form T1135 if, at any time in the year, the total cost amount of their "specified foreign property" (please refer to definition below) was greater than \$100,000 in Canadian currency.

This form, prescribed by the ITA, helps tax authorities ensure that Canadian taxpayers disclose revenues derived from their foreign property. Since 1998, this form must be completed and filed annually to avoid onerous penalties for non-filing. For any previous years, if you omitted filing Form T1135, it is recommended that you contact your accountant or tax advisor prior to taking any action.

#### **Specified Foreign Property**

"Specified foreign property" is defined in subsection 233.3(1) of the ITA. Generally speaking, it includes:

- **D** funds held outside Canada (for example, in a foreign bank account);
- **D** shares of the capital stock of a Canadian corporation, held outside Canada;
- shares of the capital stock of a non-resident corporation, regardless if it is held in Canada or abroad;
- an interest in a non-resident trust;
- property situated outside Canada (for example a condominimum rented to a third party).

"Specified foreign property" does not include a personal-use property, or shares of the capital stock of corporations not resident in Canada held in a registered account (RRSP, TFSA, RESP, etc.) or held in a Canadian mutual fund/corporation.

For further detail, please refer to the CRA's website:

"General Information": https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/forms-publications/forms/t1135.html

"Questions and Answers" (Q19-47): https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/tax/international-non-residents/ information-been-moved/foreign-reporting/questions-answers-about-form-t1135.html

## Simplified Reporting Method

For 2015 and subsequent tax years, rather than providing the details for each foreign property, or "by account and country", it is possible for taxpayers who held specified foreign property with a total cost amount of less than \$250,000 throughout the year to report according to the simplified reporting method.

#### Part A: Simplified reporting method

For each type of property that applies to you, ch	eck (✓) the appropriate box.	
Type of property:		
Funds held outside Canada		
Shares of non-resident corporations (other than	n foreign affiliates)	
Indebtedness owed by non-resident		
Interests in non-resident trusts		
Real property outside Canada (other than perso	onal use and real estate used in an active business)	
Other property outside Canada		
Property held in an account with a Canadian re	gistered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company	
Country code:		
Select the top three countries based on the max	imum cost amount of specified foreign property held during the year. I	Enter the country codes in the boxes below:
Income from all specified foreign property	\$	
Gain(loss) from the disposition from all spec	ified foreign property \$	
Privacy Act, personal information bank number CRA Pf	PU 035	Come
T1135 E (16)	(Ce formulaire existe en français.)	Canada

## Reminder of the Detailed Reporting Method

If you hold "specified foreign property" with a Canadian registered securities dealer, you have two options available regarding Form T1135:

1 – "Report by Account and by Country" – Category 7 of Form T1135.

This section applies only to foreign properties held with a Canadian registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company. In this category, for each account held at a securities dealer or trust company, you must identify the aggregate amount by country and indicate:

- 2 the maximum fair market value during the year (which may be based on the maximum month-end fair market value);
- **D** the fair market value at the end of the year;
- **D** the income (losses) from foreign properties; and,
- **D** the gains (losses) resulting from the disposition of the asset.

#### 7. Property held in an account with a Canadian registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company

	Name of registered security dealer/Canadian trust company	Maximum fair market value during the year	Income	Gain (loss) on disposition
[		Total		

- 2 "Asset by Asset Report": you typically need to use categories 2, 3 and 4 of Form T1135. This section requests, for each of the foreign properties, the following information:
  - **D** the name of the foreign corporation or foreign entity;
  - **D** the country to which the asset belongs;
  - the maximum cost amount during the year;
  - the cost amount at the end of the year;
  - **D** the income (losses) derived from the asset; and,
  - **D** the gain (losses) resulting from the disposition of the asset.

#### Part B: Detailed reporting method

#### Categories of specified foreign property

In each of the tables below, provide the required details of each specified foreign property held at any time during the particular tax year. If you need additional space, please attach a separate sheet of paper using the same format as the tables.

A taxpayer who held specified foreign property with a Canadian registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company is permitted to report the aggregate amount, on a country-by-country basis, of all such property in Category 7, Property held in an account with a Canadian registered securities dealer or a Canadian trust company. See attached instructions for Category 7 for details as to how to report under this method.

#### 1. Funds held outside Canada

Name of bank/other entity holding the funds	Country code	Maximum funds held during the year	Funds held at year end	Income
		·		
Total				

#### 2. Shares of non-resident corporations (other than foreign affiliates)

Name of corporation	Country code	Maximum cost amount during the year	Cost amount at year end	Income	Gain (loss) on disposition
		Total			

#### 3. Indebtedness owed by non-resident

Description of indebtedness	Country code	Maximum cost amount during the year	Cost amount at year end	Income	Gain (loss) on disposition

#### 4. Interests in non-resident trusts

Name of Trust	Country code	Maximum cost amount during the year	Cost amount at year end	Income recieved	Capital received	Gain (loss) on disposition
		Total				

## Other Relevant Information to Complete Form T1135

In the "Instructions" section of Form T1135, the CRA states that it allows the designation of "Other" as the country code if you are unable to identify the country.

Excerpt from the CRA's Guide:

#### **Country codes**

For the list of country codes, refer to the CRA's website at:

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/forms-publications/publications/t4061/nr4-non-resident-tax-withholding-remitting-reporting-2016.html#P482 43418

The country code for each category should identify the following:

- Category 1 the country where the funds are located
- Category 2 the country of residence of the non-resident corporation
- Category 3 the country of residence of the non-resident issuer
- Category 4 the country of residence of the trust
- Category 5 the country where property is located
- Category 6 the country where property is located
- Category 7 depending on the type of property, use the instructions above for categories 1 to 6.

If you are uncertain of the appropriate country code for a particular specified foreign property, select "Other".

As well, the Chartered Professional Accountants (CPA) website provides a document which answers several questions regarding Form T1135. Note that some questions were analyzed or commented on by CRA:

CPA website "New Form T1135: What's Changed":

https://www.cpacanada.ca/en/connecting-and-news/blogs/tax-blog/2016/january/new-form-t1135-whats-changed

## Your Responsibility

It is your responsibility to adequately complete Form T1135. You can mandate an expert to help you with the foregoing. National Bank of Canada, its subsidiaries and their advisors do not offer this service. For information purposes only, NBDB can provide certain information regarding your foreign securities held at NBDB, which should help you complete Form T1135.

You agree to release NBDB, its employees, agents, representatives and officers, even in case of gross negligence or misconduct on the part of NBDB or the latter, from and against all liabilities, claims, losses and/or damages (including legal fees and expenses) and from all proceedings, claims or any other cause of action as to the accuracy of the information herein (as well as in the mentioned documents and statements) and the fiscal impacts resulting from their use.

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